



INTERNAL MEDICINE RESIDENT PERSPECTIVES ON CARING FOR PATIENTS AFTER RETURN

OF SPONTANEOUS CIRCULATION AFTER CARDIAC ARREST

RAIKHEL, VINCE. SCHULTE, VERA. CARLBOM, DAVID. TOWN, JAMES.

UW Medicine

BACKGROUND

- 292,000 adult in-hospital cardiac arrests annually in the US.
- Internal Medicine Residents (IMRs) report a lack of confidence in managing cardiac arrest resuscitation
- Little investigation into resident perspectives on managing patients immediately after cardiac arrest

METHODS

- We conducted an anonymous online survey of IMRs, PCCM, and ICU RNs at the University of Washington.
- Questions related to demographics, previous experience, and fund of knowledge.

CONCLUSIONS

- There is a lack of confidence and experience amongst IMRs at UW in managing patients in the immediate post ROSC setting.
- There is room for growth in the development of post ROSC curricula for IMRs.

LIMITATIONS

- Survey was conducted at one training program

FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- Implementing a post return of spontaneous circulation checklist
- Develop a post ROSC curriculum
- Post checklist and curriculum survey of IMRs

CONTACT ME

• vraikhel@uw.edu

Table title summarizes key findings

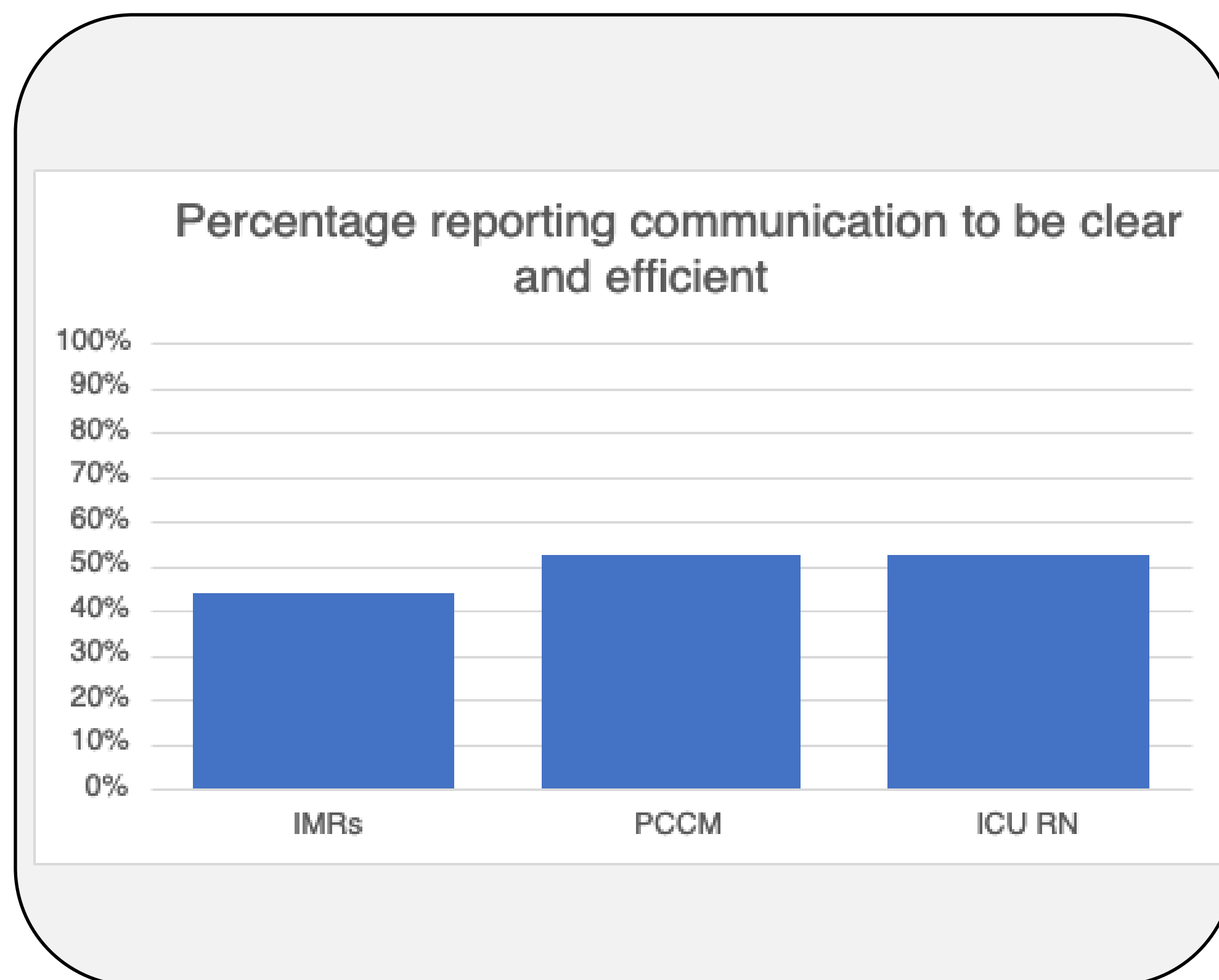


Figure title summarizes key findings

